CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Prepared under authority of the Office of the City Clerk

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CITY OF FORSYTH

P. O. BOX 1447 FORSYTH, GEORGIA 31029 (478) 994-5649

June 19, 2015

Honorable John Howard II, Mayor And Members of the City Council City of Forsyth Forsyth, Georgia 31029

Mayor and Council Members:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Forsyth. Georgia for the year ended December 31, 2014 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the government. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City is required to have an audit in conformity with Governmental Auditing Standards. The auditors' report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting and the status of prior year findings is included in this report.

This report includes all funds of the government. The government provides a full range of services. These services include police protection, fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and drainage improvements, planning and zoning, engineering, building and code enforcement, electrical service, cable service, and water and sewer service.

A Mayor and six (6) City Council members serve the City of Forsyth. The Mayor and all City Council members are elected at large. All serve four (4) year terms. The Mayor can only serve two terms. The Mayor and City Council serve as the legislative body responsible for enacting City ordinances, resolutions, appropriating funds, and providing policy direction to City staff. The City Council appoints a City Manager, City Attorney, City Auditor, Municipal Court Judge, a planning and zoning board, and a design and review board. The City Council annually adopts a balanced budget and establishes a tax rate for the support of the City programs. The City Administrator and Department Directors have the responsibility of administering these programs in accordance with policies and the annual budget adopted by the City Council.

General Information. The City of Forsyth is located in Monroe County. Forsyth was incorporated on December 10, 1823.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of Forsyth is located in central Monroe County, which is located in the central part of the state, approximately 60 miles south of Atlanta. Growth has been reflected in the City's governmental funds' revenue, which has increased from \$3,408,654in 2005 to \$3,717,782 in 2014. The economic condition and outlook of the City remain strong as the area is predicted to have a sustained growth pattern through 2015. City leaders have recognized and plans have been developed and/or implemented to maintain balanced, controlled and planned developments in concert with an economic development plan that encourage appropriate growth. The economic growth has also placed increased demands on services, but the City has adopted a conservative approach and implemented programs to meet these demands. The City has still been able to provide its services at a cost per capita that is comparable to other communities with similar demographic and economic characteristics.

The financial position of the City deteriorated during the 2014 year. The primary causes of the deterioration were a large reduction in sales tax revenue due a decreased share of local option sales tax and reducing the millage rate to 3.5 mills. The City has been able to maintain or reduce the millage rate on Ad Valorem taxes for the past eleven years. A new special local option sales tax was passed and collections began in 2014.

Future stability for the City of Forsyth is good based upon the solid fund equity balance that is maintained in our funds. This shows that we have goals and objectives that the City can meet in the public service area: police and fire protection, street and drainage improvements, and infrastructure.

Major Initiatives

Mayor and City Council:

Overall Goals and Objectives - (1) Achieve all goals while striving for the lowest total cost for public services with a minimal property tax millage rate. (2) Maintain a managed growth policy that requires quality development in concert with our economic development strategy. (3) Provide for the public safety and welfare by committing appropriate resources to police, fire, streets, recreation, electric, cable, water and sewer. (4) Continue cooperative efforts with other governments. (5) Preserve our historic and cultural heritage.

Finance and Administration:

Overview - The Finance and Administrative Department consists of the City Administrator, City Clerk, and support personnel. The City Administrator is appointed by the Mayor and City Council and is responsible for the execution of policies and legislative action of the City Council. direction, control and coordination of operational agencies. The City Clerk is responsible for City Council agenda preparation, minutes and custodian of City records. The City Clerk also acts in a support role to the Mayor and City Council. The Clerk is responsible for planning, developing, implementing, and maintaining the administrative and financial operations of the City including purchasing and assisting the Mayor with preparing the annual budget and capital improvement plan.

Accomplishments:

Continued implementing and updating the administrative policy manual.

- Continued to create computerized reports for financial use.
- Working with the Middle Georgia Regional Commission to update and/or rewrite city ordinances.
- * Received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the third year in a row.

Municipal Court:

Overview - The Municipal Court of Forsyth is dedicated to the principle of equal and timely access to justice so that all individuals are treated with integrity, honesty, equality, respect for the rule of law, and the rights of all. The Court uses all staff members in a collaborative effort to operate the court efficiently and effectively while maintaining public trust and confidence. The Municipal Court prepares and processes records, citations, warrants and other legal papers for the Court. Court personnel receive and deposit monies collected for fines and fees, set court dates, issue subpoenas and warrants, and prepare various reports, records, and other documents pertinent to the operation of the Court and those required by the State of Georgia.

Accomplishments:

- Continued training of staff with required knowledge of court procedures.
- Judge and Clerk sent to training sessions for handling court sessions and add-on fines.
- Community service workers used by different departments for various tasks; therefore, saving City funds.

Police:

Overview - The men and women of the Forsyth Police Department are committed to protect life, property, and the constitutional guarantees of all citizens of Forsyth and those who travel through our City. With community partnership as our foundation, we, as a department, are entrusted to enhance the quality of life, seek solutions to community problems and foster a sense of peace and security for all people within our City. We will honor this trust placed in us by holding ourselves to the highest standards of professional police conduct.

Accomplishments:

- The City continues to remain below the national average for criminal activity compared to cities across the state and nation with similar populations.
- The department continues to actively partner with schools targeting crime prevention, to continue a proactive effort toward reducing criminal activity.
- The department continues to encourage professional development. The total number of training hours were 2,006.
- Member of the governor's office of Highway Safety Traffic Enforcement Network.
- ❖ Increased equipment issued to officers, including AR-15 rifles, tasers and VieVu cameras.
- Continued a new prescription drop-off box for citizens to dispose of old prescription drugs. They collected over 200 pounds of old prescription drugs.
- Assisted daily with month long summer "Save the Children" camp.

Fire:

Overview - The City of Forsyth Fire Department responds to various types of emergency incidents including all types of fires, motor vehicle and other accidents, rescue calls, severe weather and flooding emergencies. Fire department personnel perform numerous prevention and public relations functions, fire safety inspections, annual hydrant maintenance, emergency management functions, and other specialty programs.

Accomplishments:

- ❖ Continues to maintain low average response times for emergency responses.
- Continues to enhance training levels of personnel to address increased threat of terrorism.
- Continues to work with other City departments in the development of City's threat level plan.
- Updating firefighter training to maintain all levels of Certification.
- ❖ Visited schools, day-care centers and Head Start to promote fire safety education.
- Continues to maintain I.S.O. rating of five for past 15 years, thereby saving citizens of Forsyth a substantial amount on insurance premiums.
- Continuing education/training for core competency to maintain state certification.
- ❖ Instituted smoke detector campaign to make sure every house Forsyth has a working smoke detector.
- Installed 310 smoke detectors in homes during 2014.

Public Works:

Overview - The City of Forsyth Public Works Department is responsible for the maintenance of all streets, sidewalks and drainage facilities located on public property. The department is also responsible for grass cutting along City streets and State highways and maintaining all three city cemeteries. The department provides landscaping services for public property. The Public Works Department provides emergency services including road closing and sandbagging flood prone areas.

Accomplishments:

- Continues to work on the Streetscape Project. This project includes redesigning and constructing downtown streets, sidewalks, and underground utilities.
- Continues to work on various road improvement projects.
- Privatized garbage pickup service.

Planning and Zoning:

Overview - The Planning and Zoning Department strives to maintain and improve the overall quality of life for all citizens of the City of Forsyth by promoting sustainable development, encouraging a stable and enduring economic base, providing for the safety, health and education, and preserving the natural, cultural and historic assets of the City of Forsyth. The Planning and Zoning Department coordinates the development and implementation of special area studies, plan review process. Zoning Ordinance, Sign Ordinance, and Landscape Ordinances. The Planning and Zoning Department expeditiously reviews and responds to all inquiries, applications, and studies dealing with current planning, zoning, subdivision, and land development to achieve a well designed, planned, and quality community in accordance with adopted ordinances, resolutions, and policies. The Planning and Zoning Department provides all necessary land use, economic, environmental, and social data upon which to base effective governmental decision resulting in orderly growth and development and a high quality of life for present and future citizens.

Accomplishments:

Continues to work with the Middle Georgia Regional Commission on developing a GIS map.

Electric:

Overview – The Electric Department is responsible for supplying electricity to City of Forsyth Residents for energy needs. They are also responsible for minimizing power outages.

Accomplishments:

- Continues to work with the Middle Georgia Regional Commission on developing a GIS map.
- Continues to work on maintaining low rates for citizens.
- Continues to work on minimizing time to correct power outages.
- ❖ Implemented electronic meters when possible to increase efficiency.
- Finished various conversions and upgrades around the city.
- Restored power after ice storm in February 2014.

Water and Sewer:

Overview - The Water and Sewer Department is responsible for supplying water to City of Forsyth residents for potable and fire fighting uses. They are also responsible for the treatment and disposal of the wastewater generated by the City of Forsyth as per regulations set forth by all state and federal agencies.

Accomplishments:

- Continuing to replace older water meters with new electronic models which will yield more accurate readings and should increase water revenues. This is an ongoing project.
- Continues to work with the Middle Georgia Regional Commission on developing a GIS map.
- * Worked on several projects to upgrade old infrastructure.
- Completed South Interceptor and West Main Street sewer line projects.
- ❖ Obtained CDBG grant for future water upgrade to Mill Village.

Cable:

Overview – The Cable Department is responsible for supplying cable and internet services to City of Forsyth residents for entertainment. They are also responsible for minimizing cable outages experienced by cable and internet users.

Accomplishments:

- Continues to work on maintaining low rates for citizens.
- ❖ Sold cable system for \$1,500,000.

Financial information

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not

absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that; (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Basis of accounting. The basis of accounting used determines when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental fund types and expendable trust funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. The financial statements for the proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

Accounting systems. In developing and evaluating the City's accounting control system, consideration is given in the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls comprise the plan of organization and the procedures and records concerned with safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records and consequently are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized user disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

Budgetary control. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The level of budgetary control is on a departmental basis. A budget is legally adopted for all Governmental Fund types and Proprietary Fund types. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The budget is based on the same method of accounting as the fund it represents. Transfers of appropriations within a department budget or within a nondepartmental expenditure category require the approval of the finance director. Increase in appropriations in a departmental budget or in a nondepartmental expense category requires approval of the governing body in the form of amendments to the budget ordinance.

General government functions. Municipal activities and services are accounted for in the General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Fiduciary Fund and Enterprise Funds.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> The capital improvement fund is used to account for capital projects that are being acquired or built. The City of Forsyth has one capital improvement fund: (1) SPLOST Fund

SPLOST Fund. The fund is used to account for special purpose local option sales tax proceeds for approved capital improvements. Total revenues equal \$454,482. Total expenditures were made in the amount of \$2,191,215 for approved capital projects and SPLOST bond debt service.

Special Revenue Fund. The special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The City of Forsyth has two Special Revenue Funds: (1) Hotel/Motel Tax Fund and (2) Special Police Revenue Fund.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund. The fund is used to account for hotel/motel taxes collected for the use of tourism. Total revenues equal \$301,373. Expenditures were made in the amount of \$301,373 for tourism and recreation purposes.

Police Special Revenue Fund. The fund is used to account for police seizure monies from federal and state agencies to be used on police expenditures. Total revenues equal \$7,359. Expenditures were made in the amount of \$8,771 for police purposes.

Enterprise Fund. Business-type activities of the City of Forsyth are accounted for in the Enterprise Fund. The Enterprise Fund for the City of Forsyth is the Combined Utilities Fund.

Combined Utilities Fund. The Combined Utilities Fund charges City residents for the consumption of electricity, water and sewer, and cable. Total utility revenues for year 2014 were \$12,546.628. Total operating expenditures for year 2014 were \$13,288,131. The change in net assets after depreciation and non-operating revenues and/or expenses was (\$700,410) for the year 2014.

Relevant Financial Policies. Throughout the year, the city administrator and city clerk administer the governing council's approved financial policies. These policies address issuance of debt, purchasing and procurement, cash and investment management, and accounting practices. In totality, these policies formulate the core criteria for which internal evaluations occur. On a continuous basis, these policies are reviewed in order to maintain relativity to the changing financial needs of the government.

Other Information.

Independent Audit. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Buckley & Hopkins, LLP was selected by the city council. The auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the clerk's office. Each member of the department has my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report

Sincerely,

Japlice Hall, City Manager and

Chief Financial Officer

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

MAYOR

John T. Howard, II

CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS

Greg Goolsby
Julius Stroud
Mike Dodd
Jimmy Jones
Melvin Lawrence
Eric Wilson

CITY MANAGER

Janice Hall

POLICE CHIEF

Keith Corley

FIRE CHIEF

David Herndon

STREET DEPARTMENT HEAD

Steve Jones

ELECTRIC DEPARTMENT HEAD

Alvin Randall

GARAGE DEPARTMENT HEAD

Steve Butler

METER DEPARTMENT HEAD

Steve Sikes

CEMETERY DEPARTMENT HEAD

Steve Jones

RECREATION DEPARTMENT HEAD

Steve Jones

BETTER HOMETOWN DIRECTOR

Loraine Khoury

MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGE

J. Kristi Lovelace

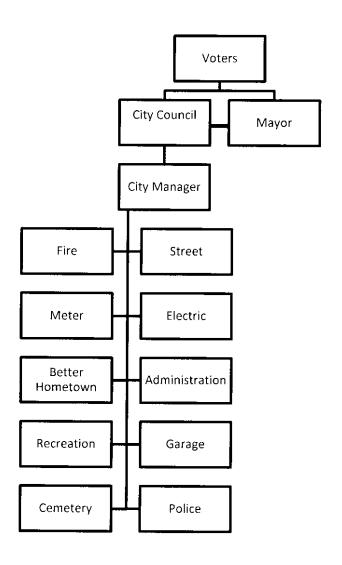
CITY ATTORNEY

C. Robert Melton

CITY AUDITOR

Albert P. Hopkins, Jr., C.P.A.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

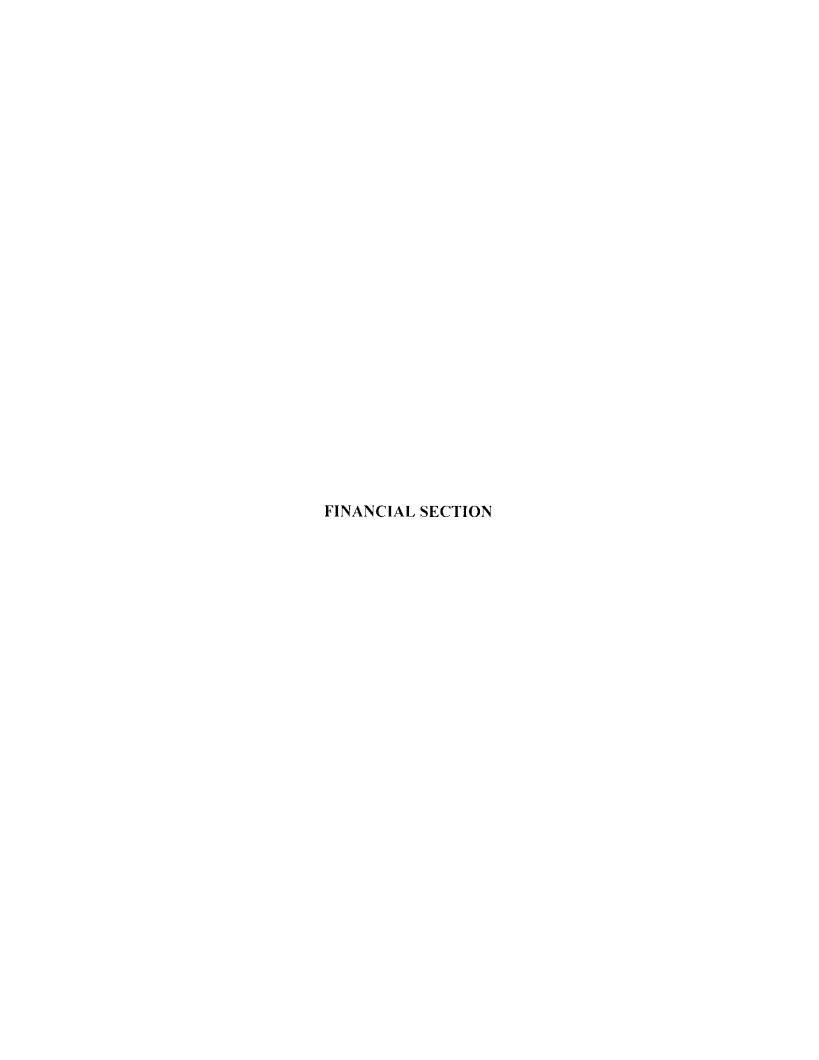
Presented to

City of Forsyth Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



BUCKLEY & HOPKINS, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Forsyth, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Forsyth, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Forsyth, Georgia, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress for the City of Forsyth's defined benefit plan on pages 4-11 and 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Forsyth, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, statistical section, and the schedule of projects constructed with special sales tax proceeds, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of projects constructed with special sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of projects constructed with special sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2015. on our consideration of the City of Forsyth, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Forsyth, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Forsyth, Georgia June 19, 2015

As management of the City of Forsyth, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City's Primary Government activities exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2014, by \$19,501,459.
- As of December 31, 2014, total net position consisted of \$15,682,368 net investment in capital assets, \$54,302 restricted for debt service, \$9,187 restricted for police expenditures, \$1,058,254 restricted for capital outlay and \$2,697,348 unrestricted.
- As of December 31, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$2,213,818, a decrease of \$1,588,017 in comparison with the prior year.
- As of December 31, 2014, the City's General Fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,146,377, an increase of \$133,260 in comparison with the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The statements within the first component are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statements within the second component are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances. These two statements include the statement of net position, and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through administrative fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Forsyth government itself (known as the primary government), but also the component unit of the Downtown Development Authority of Forsyth. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Data for the component unit is presented in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Forsyth, like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Forsyth can be divided into the following categories: (1) governmental funds, (2) proprietary funds, and (3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City of Forsyth maintains four (4) individual governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other (2) governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for this non-major governmental fund is provided in the form of both combining statements and individual fund statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Capital Improvements Fund

The City maintains one capital improvements fund. The capital improvements fund is used to account for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities for the City.

Proprietary Fund

The City maintains one proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses a proprietary fund to account for the operation of the Combined Utilities Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for this Fund and are provided in the form of individual fund statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Forsyth, assets exceeded liabilities by \$19,501,459 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A significant portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land buildings, machinery, equipment, and vehicles); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Forsyth's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State Law. The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

City of Forsyth, Georgia Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2014		2014	2013	2014	2013	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 2,933,933	\$ 4,329,346	\$ 3,115,154	\$ 2,888,893	\$ 6,049,087	\$ 7.218,239	
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation	5,324,445	4,895,853	13,687,897	15,137,458	19,012,342	20,033,311	
Total assets	8,258,378	9,225,199	16,803,051	18,026,351	25,061,429	27,251.550	
Liabilities							
Current and other	309,092	260,495	1,279,474	1,328,543	1,588,566	1,589,038	
Long-term liabilities	3,959,237	4,452,291	12,167	38,520	3,971,404	4,490.811	
Total liabilities	4,268,329	4,712,786	1,291,641	1,367,063	5,559,970	6,079.849	
Net position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	2,006,638	3,231,493	13,675,730	15,098,938	15,682,368	18,330,431	
Restricted for debt service	54,302	49,794		-	54,302	49,794	
Restricted for police expenditures	9,187	10,599	-	-	9,187	10.599	
Restricted for capital outlay	1,058,254	2,961	-	-	1,058,254	2.961	
Unrestricted	861,668	1,217,566	1,835,680	1,560,350	2,697,348	2,777,916	
Total net position	\$ 3,990,049	\$ 4,512,413	\$ 15,511,410	\$ 16,659,288	\$ 19,501,459	\$ 21,171,701	

City of Forsyth, Georgia Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities Busines		Business-ty	pe Activities	Te	otal
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues						
Program services						
Charges for services	\$ 674,979	\$ 850,222	\$ 12,156,556	\$ 11,371,998	\$ 12,831,535	\$ 12,222,220
Operating grants and contributions	136,305	-	-	, , , <u>-</u>	136,305	-
Capital grants and contributions	710,021	905,585	-	-	710,021	905,585
General revenues						
Taxes	2,283,616	2,510,372	-	-	2,283,616	2,510,372
Investment & interest revenue	2,646	1,244	42,014	570,720	44,660	571,964
Other	56,325	53,170	390,072	231,202	446,397	284,372
Total revenues	3,863,892	4,320,593	12,588,642	12,173,920	16,452,534	16,494,513
Expenses					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
General government	1,282,167	1,524,706	-	-	1,282,167	1,524,706
Public safety	2,161,085	2,148,535	-	_	2,161,085	2,148.535
Public works	1,161,433	1,332,709	=	-	1,161,433	1,332,709
Better Hometown	120,804	118,824	-	-	120,804	118,824
Parks & recreation	36,124	36,934	-	-	36,124	36,934
Interest	72,111	94,286	-	-	72,111	94.286
Combined utilities		-	13,289,052	11,973,073	13,289,052	11,973,073
Total expenses	4,833,724	5,255,994	13,289,052	11,973,073	18,122,776	17.229,067
Change in net position					······································	
before transfers	(969,832)	(935,401)	(700,410)	200,847	(1,670,242)	(734,554)
Transfers	447,468	559,867	(447,468)	(559,867)	-	-
Increase in net position	(522,364)	(375,534)	(1,147,878)	(359,020)	(1.670,242)	(734.554)
Net position, beginning	4,512,413	4,887,947	16,659,288	17,018,308	21,171,701	21,906,255
Net position, ending	\$ 3,990,049	\$ 4,512,413	\$ 15,511,410	\$ 16,659,288	\$ 19,501,459	\$ 21,171,701

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as public safety, public works, culture, recreation, and general administration. These focus on (1) cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing Forsyth's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Forsyth's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,213,818, a decrease of \$1,588,017 from the prior year, primarily from the SPLOST fund expending \$2,191,215 on various projects and the repayment of their SPLOST anticipation bonds. Also the governmental funds were greatly affected by receiving a decrease in their percentage of collected local option sales tax with the county.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,083,345. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

The SPLOST fund is the capital improvements fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the restricted for capital outlay fund balance was \$1,058,254 which was a decrease of \$1,719,865 from the previous year. This large decrease was primarily due from the city using their SPLOST proceeds for various projects.

Proprietary Fund

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. At the end of the current fiscal year, net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position were \$13.675,730 and \$1.835,680 respectively. The proprietary fund has been greatly affected by the City placing \$1,500,000 into a permanent trust with MEAG for a future electric plant project.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund had a surplus of \$133,260 in revenues over expenditures. The General Fund financial condition became better due to large transfers from the Combined Utilities Fund during the current year. These transfers were necessary due to the decrease in sales tax revenues. The large decrease in sales tax revenues is directly related to a decrease in the percentage the City is entitled to from local option sales tax.

The 2014 adopted budget was amended during 2015, resulting in no negative variances plus an overall favorable result. The amended budget accommodated an increase in cost associated with the privatized trash pickup, by lowering the recreation department's budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2014, amounts to \$19,012,342 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and construction in progress.

The total net decrease in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.1% (an increase of 8.7% for governmental activities and a decrease of 9.6% for business-type activities). Some of the major capital asset events for the current year include improvements to Railroad Avenue and the construction of several sewer projects. The decrease in business-type assets resulted from the sale of the City's cable system. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the note D on pages 35-36 of this report.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Activities Business-type Activities			Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Land and improvements	\$ 2,211,866	\$ 2,211,866	\$ 249,261	\$ 399,261	¢ 0.461.107	e 2711127		
Distribution system	\$ 2,211,000 -	3 2,211,000	25,085,289	28,434,399	\$ 2,461,127 25,085,289	\$ 2,611,127 28.434,399		
Buildings and improvements	2,015,423	1,965,423	5,091,203	5,091,203	7,106,626	7,056,626		
Infrastructure	2,433,540	1,921,292	-	-	2,433,540	1,921,292		
Machinery and equipment	1,134,881	962,319	981,489	1,087,877	2,116,370	2,050,196		
Vehicles	1,817,506	1,817,506	820,157	852,988	2,637,663	2,670,494		
Construction in progress	144,365	107,674	229,155	710,425	373,520	818,099		
Total capital assets	9,757,581	8,986,080	32,456,554	36,576,153	42,214,135	45,562,233		
Accumulated depreciation	(4,433,136)	(4,090,227)	(18,768,657)	(21,438,695)	(23,201,793)	(25,528,922)		
Total capital assets	\$ 5,324,445	\$ 4,895,853	\$ 13,687,897	\$ 15,137,458	\$ 19,012,342	\$ 20,033,311		

Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2014, Forsyth had approximately \$3.9 million in outstanding long-term debt, which does not include interest expense.

The city paid off their 2009 SPLOST bond during the year, which greatly reduced their governmental activities debt.

Additional information on Forsyth's long-term debt can be found in notes F-G on pages 37-40 of this report.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total		
	2014	2013		2014		2013	2014	2013	
SPLOST bonds and premium	\$ 2,356,635	\$ 2,787,931	S	_	\$	_	\$ 2,356,635	\$ 2,787.931	
Capital leases	4,254	16,683		12,167		38,520	16,421	55.203	
Landfill post-closure costs	832,741	869,983		-		-	832,741	869,983	
Notes payable	765,607	777,694		-		-	765,607	777,694	
Total debt	\$ 3,959,237	\$ 4,452,291	S	12,167	\$	38,520	\$ 3.971,404	\$ 4,490.811	

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Forsyth, Georgia's finances for anyone with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Ms. Janice Hall, 26 N. Jackson Street, Forsyth, Georgia 31029.



CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	p	Component Unit Downtown			
		rimary Governm Business-Type		Development	
	Activities	Activities	Authority		
ASSETS	Hettvittes	rentities	Total	Authority	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,011,321	\$ 1,928,530	\$ 2,939,851	\$ 41,824	
Certificates of Deposit	60,000	ψ 1,720,550 -	60,000	φ τι,υΞτ	
Receivables, net of allowance	00,000		00,000	_	
Claims	130,442	_	130,442		
Taxes	97,550	_	97,550	-	
Accounts	24,710	728,128	752,838	-	
Due from other governments	562,890	720,120	562,890	-	
Restricted assets	302,890	-	302,890	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,031,778		1.021.779		
Inventories	1,051,776	441,161	1,031,778	-	
Prepayments	2,941		441,161	-	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	2,941	17,335	20,276	-	
Land	117.242	240.261	606.504		
	447.243	249,261	696,504		
Construction in progress	144,365	229,155	373,520	16,827	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:	1.15= ((A	55 5 00			
Buildings	1,157,662	77,523	1,235,185	-	
Infrastructure	2,110,166	-	2,110,166	•	
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	235,946	55,695	291,641	-	
Vehicles	317,845	-	317,845	-	
Land improvements	911,218	-	911,218	•	
Distribution system	-	13,076,263	13,076,263	•	
Unamortized bonds and capital lease costs	12.301	-	12,301	-	
Total Assets	8,258,378	16,803,051	25,061,429	58,651	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	149,504	627,852	7 77,356		
Accrued liabilities	139,609	77,537	217,146	•	
Customer deposits	1.57.007	465,490	465,490	•	
Other liabilities	19,979	108,595		-	
Noncurrent liabilities	17,7/7	100,373	128,574	-	
Due within one year	505,314	12,167	517 401		
Due in more than one year	3,453,923	12.107	517,481	•	
Due in more than one year	3,433,923		3,453,923		
Total Liabilities	4,268,329	1,291,641	5,559,970		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	2,006,638	13,675,730	15,682,368	14 927	
Restricted for	2,000,038	13,073,730	13,082,308	16,827	
Restricted for debt service	54,302	-	54,302	-	
Restricted for police expenditures	9,187	-	9,187	-	
Restricted for capital outlay	1,058,254	-	1,058,254	-	
Unrestricted	861.668	1,835.680	2,697,348	41,824	
Total Net Position	\$ 3,990,049	\$ 15,511,410	\$ 19,501,459	\$ 58,651	

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Program Revenu		Net (Ch	Component Unit			
		Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital		rimary Governme	ent	Downtown
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Development
Primary Government:			Contributions	Controllions	Activities	Activities	1 Otai	Authority
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 1,282,167	\$ 121.714	\$ -	\$ 665,787	\$ (494,666)	S -	\$ (494,666)	\$ -
Public safety	2,161,085	261.547	· -	_	(1,899,538)		(1.899,538)	· -
Public works	1,161,433	291,718	136,305	44,234	(689,176)		(689.176)	_
Recreation and parks	36,124	-	-	-	(36,124)		(36,124)	_
Better Hometown	120,804	-	-	_	(120,804)		(120,804)	_
Interest on long-term debt	72.111	_	_	_	(72.111)		(72,111)	_
Total governmental activities	4.833.724	674.979	136,305	710.021	(3.312.419)		(3.312,419)	-
Business-type Activities: Combined Utility System -					-			
Water & Sewer	2,716,467	2,563,660	=	-	-	(152,807)	(152.807)	=
Electric	9,567,802	8,966,317	-	-	-	(601,485)	(601,485)	=
Cable	1,004,783	626,579	-	-	-	(378,204)	(378,204)	-
Total business-type activities	13,289,052	12,156.556	*	-		(1.132,496)	(1.132.496)	-
Total Primary Government	18.122.776	12.831,535	136,305	710,021	(3,312.419)	(1,132,496)	(4,444,915)	
Downtown Development Authority	_\$		\$ -	\$ -				<u>-</u>
Total Component Units	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$	•			\$ -
	General Revenue	· c						
	Property Tax				594,819	_	594.819	
	Sales Tax				891,040	_	891.040	_
	Insurance premi	ium tax			207.325	_	207.325	_
	Beer, wine and				193,725	-	193.725	-
	Hotel/motel tax				301,373	_	301,373	_
	Franchise tax				95,334	-	95,334	_
	Investment and	interest revenue			2.646	42,014	44,660	20
	Miscellaneous				56,325	390.072	446,397	
	Total General Re	venues			2,342,587	432.086	2.774.673	20
	Transfers				447,468	(447,468)	_	
	Total General Re		sfers		2.790,055	(15,382)	2,774,673	20
	Change in Net Po	osition			(522,364)		(1,670,242)	20
	Net Position - Be	ginning of Year			4,512,413	16,659,288	21,171,701	58,631
	Net Position - En	d of Year			\$ 3.990,049	\$ 15,511.410	S 19,501,459	\$ 58.651
								

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31. 2014

<u>ASSETS</u>		General Fund	Major overnmental Fund PLOST Fund)	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,018,625	\$ 962,499	\$ 14,832	\$	1,995,956
Certificate of Deposit Receivables, net of allowance		60,000	-	-		60,000
Claims		130,442				120 442
Taxes		72,974	_	24,576		130,442 97,550
Accounts		24,710	-	24,570		24,710
Due from other governments		241,523	321,367	-		562,890
Prepaid Assets		2,941	-	-		2,941
Total Assets	\$	1,551,215	\$ 1,283,866	\$ 39,408	\$	2,874,489
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
ENTERING POINT BREAKTED						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	135,197	\$ 14,307	\$ -	S	149,504
Accrued liabilities		55,378	-	30,221		85,599
Other liabilities		19,979	-	<u>-</u>		19,979
Total Liabilities		210,554	 14,307	30,221		255,082
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Deferred revenue		194,284	211,305	-		405,589
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		194,284	211,305	-		405,589
E 151			.,,_			
Fund Balances:		2041				
Nonspendable Restricted for:		2,941	-	•		2,941
Capital Outlay		5,789	1,058,254			1,064,043
Debt Service		54,302	1,000,204	-		54,302
Committed			_	_		J 4 ,J02
Assigned			-	9,187		9,187
Unassigned		1,083,345	_	-		1,083,345
Total Fund Balances		1,146,377	1,058,254	9,187		2,213,818
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	_\$_	1,551,215	\$ 1,283,866	\$ 39,408	\$	2,874,489

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total Fund Equity per Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	\$ 2,213,818
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position differ from amounts reported in the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds due to the following:	
Capital Assets Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Cost of the assets Accumulated depreciation	9,757,581 (4,433,135)
Other Long-term Assets Long-term assets are not available for use in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund assets. Unamortized SPLOST bond costs	12.201
	12,301
Revenues Some of the government's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Receivables, taxes Receivables, insurance claim	275,147 130,442
Accrued Liabilities Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities both current and long-term are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Accrued liabilities associated with long term liabities at year-end consist of the following: 2012 SPLOST Bond Accrued interest	(6,868)
Long-term Liabilities Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities both current and long-term are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of the following:	
Notes payable SPLOST Bonds payable Unamortized SPLOST bond premiums Landfill closure/postclosure costs	(769,861) (2,160,000) (196,635) (832,741)
Total Adjustments	1,776,231
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,990,049

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Major			
		G	overnmental	Nonmajor		Total
	General		Fund	Governmental	G	overnmental
	Fund	(SI	PLOST Fund)	Funds	_	Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Property tax	\$ 660,014	\$	-	\$ -	\$	660,014
Sales tax	891.040		-	<u>-</u>		891,040
Insurance premium tax	207,325		_	_		207,325
Beer, wine and alcohol tax	193,725		_	_		193,725
Other taxes	95,334		_	301,373		396,707
License and permits	121,714		-	-		121,714
Intergovernmental	180,539		454,086	_		634,625
Fines and forfeitures	254,194		-	7,353		261,547
Charges for services	291,718		•	,,500		291,718
Investment earnings	2,640		396	6		3,042
Other revenues	56,325		370	-		56,325
	 30,322					30,323
Total Revenues	 2,954,568		454,482	308,732		3,717,782
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,172,578		-	120,549		1,293,127
Public safety	2,009,716		-	8,771		2,018,487
Public works	1,098,622		-	-		1,098,622
Recreation and parks	12,789		-	-		12,789
Better Hometown	120,804		-	_		120,804
Capital Outlays	-		683,619	-		683,619
Debt Service						'
Principal	24,516		380,000	-		404,516
Interest	32,817		88,486	_		121,303
Total Expenditures	 4,471,842		1,152,105	129,320		
Total Emperium of	 7,771,072		1,132,103	129,320		5,753,267
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (1,517,274)	\$	(697,623)	\$ 179.412	S	(2,035,485)
•	 (.,,	_ <u></u>	(037,4020)	,,,,,	-	(2,033,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	\$ 1,657,790	\$	16,868	s -	\$	1,674,658
Transfers out	(7,256)	•	(1,039,110)	(180,824)	•	(1,227,190)
	 <u> </u>					(1,22;,170)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,650,534		(1,022,242)	(180,824)		447,468
Net Change in fund balances	133,260		(1,719,865)	(1,412)		(1,588,017)
Fund Balance, beginning of year	 1,013,117		2,778,119	10,599		3,801,835
Fund Balance, end of year	\$ 1,146,377	\$	1,058,254	\$ 9,187	\$	2,213,818

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses Per Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (1,588,017)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differ from amounts reported in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances due to the following:	
Capital Assets Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Total capital outlays Total depreciation	771.502 (342,909)
Long-term Debt The issuance of bonds and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and thus contributes to the change in the fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows: Decrease in accrued bond debt service Principal repayments Decrease in postclosure landfill costs	49,192 404,516 37,242
Revenues Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the government's fiscal year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues increased by this amount during the fiscal year.	146,110
Total Adjustments	1,065,653
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (522,364)

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	d Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes				
General property tax	\$ 747,600	\$ 747,600	\$ 660,014	\$ (87,586)
Local option sales tax	940,000	940,000	891,040	(48,960)
Insurance premium tax	195,000	195,000	207,325	12,325
Beer, wine and alcohol tax	202,000	202,000	193,725	(8.275)
Franchise fees	105,700	105,700	95,334	(10,366)
Licenses and permits	99,700	99,700	121,714	22,014
Intergovernmental	_	200,000	180,539	(19,461)
Fines and forfeitures	549,700	549,700	254,194	(295,506)
Charges for services	393,700	393,700	291,718	(101,982)
Investment income	500	500	2,640	2,140
Miscellaneous income	5,000	5,000	56,325	51,325
Total Revenues	3,238,900	3,438,900	2,954,568	(484,332)
Expenditures:				
General Government				
Administration	925,737	925,737	915,550	10,187
Governing Body	247,967	247,967	243,579	4,388
Mayor	13,457	13,457	13,449	8
Total General Government	1,187,161	1,187,161	1,172,578	14,583
Public Safety				
Police	1,538,507	1,538,507	1,297,778	240,729
Fire	744,535	744,535	677,104	67,431
Municipal Court	98,301	98,301	92,167	6,134
Total Public Safety	\$ 2,381,343	\$ 2,381,343	\$ 2,067,049	\$ 314,294

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Public Works				
Streets/Sanitation Garage	\$ 836,768 186,304	\$ 840,768 186,304	\$ 838,813 174,925	S 1,955 11,379
Cemetery	143,732	143,732	84,884	58,848
Total Public Works	1,166,804	1,170,804	1,098,622	72,182
Better Hometown	120,808	120,808	120,804	4
Recreation	19,750	15,750	12,789	2,961
Total expenditures	4,875,866	4,875,866	4,471,842	404,024
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,636,966)	(1,436,966)	(1,517,274)	(80,308)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In Transfers Out	1,636,966	1,436,966	1,657,790 (7,256)	220,824 (7,256)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,636,966	1,436,966	1,650,534	213,568
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	133,260	\$ 133,260
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	1,013,117	
Fund balance, end of year		3	\$ 1,146,377	

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Business-type Activities
	Combined
	Utilities Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>	<u> </u>
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,928,530
Receivables, net of allowance	
Accounts	728,128
Inventories	441,161
Prepaid expenses	17.335
Total current assets	3,115,154
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets:	
Land	249.261
Construction in progress	229,155
Building and improvements	5,091,203
Machinery and equipment	981,489
Vehicles	820,157
Distribution system	25,085,289
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,768,657)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	13,687,897
Total noncurrent assets	13,687.897
Total Assets	\$ 16,803.051

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS **DECEMBER 31, 2014** (CONTINUED)

LIABILITIES	Business-type Activities Combined Utilities Fund
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 627,852
Accrued liabilities	77,537
Customer deposits	465,490
Other liabilities	108.595
Capital leases payable - current	12,167
Total current liabilities	1,291,641
Noncurrent liabilities	
Capital leases payable - long term	_
, 1, ,	 ,
Total noncurrent liabilities	
Total Liabilities	1,291.641
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	13,675,730 1,835,680
Total Net Position	\$ 15,511,410

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Business-type Activities Combined Utilities Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for sales and services	
Water and sewer	\$ 2,563,660
Electric	8,966,317
Cable	626,579
Miscellaneous	390,072
Total operating revenues	12,546,628
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	576,424
Purchase of utilities	7,624,055
Materials and supplies	359,920
Repairs and maintenance	122,178
Depreciation	1,023,901
Management fees	1,264.280
Other	2,317,373
	2,317,373
Total operating expenses	13,288,131
Total operating income	(741,503)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	42,014
Interest expense	(921)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	41,093
Income before contributions and transfers	(700,410)
Transfers in	1,029,497
Transfers out	(1,476,965)
Total contributions and transfers	(447,468)
Change in net position	(1,147,878)
Net position - beginning of year	16,659,288
Net position - end of year	S 15,511,410

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Business-type Activities Combined Utilities Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 12,421,113
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees	(11,743,093)
Cash pala to employees	(576,424)
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	101,596
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers to other funds	(1,476,965)
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for)	
Noncapital Financing Activities	(1,476,965)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Transfer in from SPLOST Fund	1,029,497
Sale of assets	1,500,000
Purchase of capital assets	(1,049,649)
Principal payments of capital lease	(26,353)
Interest payments	(921)
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for)	
Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,452,574
Cash flows from Investing Activities:	
Investment income	42,014
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	42,014
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	119,219
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,809,311
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,928,530

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (CONTINUED)

	Business-type Activities Combined
	Utilities Fund
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (741,503)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,023,901
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(138.399)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	1,092
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	5,574
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(74,003)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	12.050
Increase (decrease) in deposits	12,884
Total Adjustments	843,099
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 101,596

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2014

ASSETS	Municipal Court Fund
	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,143
Total Assets	\$ 47,143
LIABILITIES	
Funds held in escrow Due to others	\$ 23,995 23,148
Total Liabilities	S 47,143

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Forsyth, Georgia (City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financial accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component unit. The Downtown Development Authority of Forsyth was utilized to issue bonds related to the purchase and establishment of the cable system for the City of Forsyth. The governing board is appointed by the City Council. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City provides the majority of the general fund revenues.

The Downtown Development Authority of Forsyth does not issue separate component unit financial statements.

Under Georgia law, the City in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Middle Georgia area is a member of the Middle Georgia Regional Commission (MGRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in an MGRC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the MGRC in Georgia. The MGRC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.0 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an MGRC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Middle Georgia Regional Commission 175 Emery Highway Macon, Georgia 31217

The Housing Authority of the City of Forsyth, Georgia is considered a related organization based upon the criteria of GASB Statement 14. The Housing Authority is a legally separate entity having a board composed of members appointed originally by the City of Forsyth, Georgia. The City of Forsyth, Georgia is not able to impose its will upon the Housing Authority and a financial benefit/burden relationship does not exist between them. Therefore, based upon the criteria above, the Housing Authority of the City of Forsyth, Georgia is a related organization.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes or other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is used in the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special purpose local option sales tax fund* accounts for the activities of the government's special purpose local option sales tax.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *combined utility system fund* accounts for the activities of the government's electric, water and sewer and cable television systems.

The government reports the following fiduciary fund:

The *municipal court fund* accounts for the activities of the government's municipal court collected funds.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the combined utility system fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the government activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are presented net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivables in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance for uncollectible is equal to approximately 21 percent of the outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2014.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy is billed on November 1 annually, and is due December 20. The billings are considered past due 60 days after the tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed. During 2014 the tax levy was billed on November 1 and was due December 20.

3. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is nonspendable, as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

5. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

General infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the basic financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvement	20
Land improvement	10
Public domain infrastructure	40
System infrastructure	30
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

7. Compensated absences

In accordance with the government's policy, employees are entitled to annual vacation and sick leave. These benefits do not accrue and cannot be carried forward to subsequent periods. Accordingly, there is no liability for unpaid accumulated vacation or sick leave.

8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified based on the level of restrictions placed on the fund balances. The classifications include nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The City's policies require that committed fund balances can only be established by city council through resolution and released or modified from those restrictions by city council through resolution. Under the City's adopted fund assignment policy, the City allows the mayor and city clerk to assign fund balances for specific purposes that will benefit the city without council approval; however these assigned designations can be released by council or city administration.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned funds are available for use, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, and then assigned resources, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department head may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

There were no material expenditures in excess of appropriations during the year ended December 31, 2014.

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

A. <u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>

The custodial credit risk of deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a bank the government will not be able to recover deposits. The city does not have a formal custodial risk policy. At December 31, 2014, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,582,936, and the bank balance was \$1,552,967 of the bank balance, \$1,552,967 was covered by federal depository insurance, or by collateral held by the City's agent or pledging financial institution. Georgia state law requires that balances be insured or collateralized at 110% of the bank's balance. As of the December 31, 2014, the city was in compliance with this state requirement.

B. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are stated at fair value.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, other U.S. Government Agencies, State of Georgia, Other States, Prime Banker's Acceptances, repurchase agreements and other political subdivisions of Georgia.

Interest Rate Risk – The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State statutes authorize the City to invest obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had no investments in financial securities.

C. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		ombined Utility	onmajor vernmental	
	 General	 Fund	 Funds	 Total
Receivables:				
Taxes	\$ 92,974	\$ -	\$ 24,576	\$ 117,550
Claims	130,442	-	-	130,442
Accounts	 30,710	 857,128		887,838
Gross Receivables	254,126	857,128	24,576	1,135,830
Less: allowance for				
uncollectibles	(26,000)	(129,000)	-	(155,000)
Total net receivables	\$ 228,126	\$ 728,128	\$ 24,576	\$ 980,830

Revenues of the Combined Utility Revenue Fund are reported gross of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to electric sales Uncollectibles related to water and sewer sales	\$ 80,000 49,000
Total uncollectibles of the current year	\$ 129,000

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At the end of the current year, the various components of deferred revenues and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	Unearned	
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$ 63,842	\$	-
Insurance claims (general fund)	130,442		-
SPLOST receivable from county (SPLOST Fund)	211,305		
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 405,589	\$	

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

Primary Government

·	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 447,243	\$ -	\$ -	S 447,243	
Construction in progress	107,674	36,691		144,365	
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	554,917	36,691		591,608	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	1,965,423	50,000	-	2,015,423	
Infrastructure	1,921,292	512,248	-	2,433.540	
Land improvements	1,764,623	-	-	1,764,623	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	962,318	172,563	-	1,134,881	
Vehicles	1,817,506			1,817,506	
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,431,162	734,811		9,165,973	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(802,582)	(55,179)	-	(857,761)	
Infrastructure	(245,098)	(78,276)	-	(323,374)	
Land improvements	(772,925)	(80,480)	-	(853,405)	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(836,392)	(62,543)	-	(898,935)	
Vehicles	(1,433,230)	(66,431)	-	(1,499,661)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,090,227)	(342,909)	-	(4,433,136)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,340,935	391,902		4,732,837	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,895,852	\$ 428,593		\$ 5,324,445	

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:	Butunee	mereases	Becreases	Dalance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 399,261	\$ -	\$ (150,000)	\$ 249,26
Construction in progress	710,425	161,569	(642,839)	229,15
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	1,109,686	161,569	(792,839)	478,41
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	5,091,203	-	-	5,091,20
Distribution system	28,434,399	1,520,379	(4,869,489)	25,085,28
Machinery & equipment	1,087,877	10,540	(116,928)	981,48
Vehicles	852,988	-	(32,831)	820,15
Total capital assets, being depreciated	35,466,467	1,530,919	(5,019,248)	31,978,13
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(5,009,259)	(4,421)	-	(5,013.68
Distribution system	(14,569,663)	(986,751)	3,547,388	(12,009,02
Machinery & equipment	(1,012,940)	(26,574)	113,720	(925,79
Vehicles	(846,833)	(6,155)	32,831	(820,15)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,438,695)	(1,023,901)	3,693,939	(18,768.65
Total capital assets, being depreciated,				
net	14,027,772	507,018	(1,325,309)	13,209,48
Business-type activities capital assets,				
net	\$ 15,137,458	\$ 668,587	\$(2,118,148)	S 13,687.89
Depreciation expense was charged	d to functions/pre	ograms of the pr	imary governm	ent as follows:
Government activities:				
General government			9	5 70,075
Public safety				142,597
Public works				106,902
Recreation			_	23,335
Total depreciation expense-governme	ental activities		9	342,909
Business-type activities:				
Electric			9	91,556
Water and Sewer				811,198
CATV				121,147
Total depreciation expense-business-	type activities		S	5 1,023,901

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

There were no interfund balances as of December 31, 2014.

The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2014, is as follows:

Transfer out:		Transfer in:		Purpose
	General Fund	SPLOST Fund	Combined Utilities	
Hotel/Motel	\$ 180,824	\$ -	\$ -	Reimburse Promotion of Tourism Costs
Combined utilities	1,476,965	-	-	Reimburse Operating Costs
General fund	-	7,256	-	Reimburse Improper Use
Major governmental - SPLOST		-	1,029,497	Water and Sewer Capital Improvements
Total	\$ 1,657,789	\$ 7,256	\$ 1,029,497	

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenue to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsides or matching funds for various grant programs.

F. Capital Leases

In 2010, the City entered into a capital lease to purchase a Ditch Witch RT80 Trencher. The lease for \$82,119 is due in monthly installments of \$1,499.04, including interest at 3.64%, for a term of five years ending in 2015.

In 2010, the City entered into a capital lease to purchase three Ford F-150s. The lease for \$49,239 is due in monthly installments of \$898.61, including interest at 3.63%, for a term of five years ending in 2015.

In 2010, the City entered into a capital lease to purchase a 2007 John Deere Backhoe and Trailer. The lease for \$58,250 is due in monthly installments of \$1,072.36, including interest at 3.98%, for a term of five years ending in 2015.

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2014, were as follows:

Year Ended December 31	 Governmental Activities	 Business-type Activities
2015	\$ 4,288	\$ 12,286
Total minimum lease payments	4,288	12,286
Less: amount representing interest	 (34)	(119)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 4,254	\$ 12,167

Amortization associated with these capital leases are included in depreciation.

G. Long-term Debt

2009 SPLOST Bonds

In 2009, the City, in conjunction with Monroe County, issued bonds of \$9,500,000 in anticipation of receiving special purpose local option sales tax proceeds. The City is responsible for \$2,030,000 of the total amount of the bonds. The bonds consist of 11 semi-annual payments of varying amounts in accordance with the bond ordinance. The annual interest rate is 3.203%. This bond was paid off in 2014.

2012 SPLOST Bonds

In 2012, the City, in conjunction with City of Culloden and Monroe County, issued bonds of \$12,650,000 in anticipation of receiving special purpose local option sales tax proceeds starting in 2014. The City is responsible for \$2,160,000 of the total amount of the bonds. The bonds consist of 15 semi-annual payments of varying amounts in accordance with the bond ordinance. The annual interest rate is 3.000% through December 1, 2015 and then increases to 4.000% for the remainder of the bond terms. At issuance of the bond, the city received a premium of \$307.776, which is being amortized at a rate of \$51,296 per year over the life of the bond.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds payable are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 400,000	\$ 82,400
2016	415,000	70,400
2017	430,000	53,800
2018	450,000	36,600
2019	465,000	18,600
Total	\$ 2,160,000	\$ 261,800

Notes Payable

In 2005 the City obtained a note payable totaling \$862,080 from the United States Department of Agriculture for cost reimbursements associated with the construction of the Public Safety Building. The note consists of 478 monthly payments in the amount of \$3,742 and a final balloon payment in the amount of \$2,646.08. The annual interest rate is 4.25%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 12,612	\$ 32,292
2016	13,159	31,745
2017	13,729	31,175
2018	14,324	30,580
2019	14,945	29,959
2020-2024	85,017	139,503
2025-2029	105,109	119,411
2030-2034	129,947	94,573
2035-2039	163,504	61,026
2040-2044	197,567	28,746
2045	15,694	2,170
Total	\$ 765,607	\$ 601,180

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Addi	tions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:				-		
USDA	\$ 777,694	\$	-	\$ (12,087)	\$ 765,607	\$ 12,612
2009 SPLOST bonds	380,000		-	(380,000)	-	_
2012 SPLOST bonds	2,160,000		-	-	2,160,000	400,000
2012 SPLOST premium	247,931		-	(51,296)	196,635	51,296
Capital leases	16,683		-	(12,429)	4,254	4,254
Postclosure landfill costs	869,983		-	(37,242)	832,741	37,152
Governmental activity						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,452,291	\$	-	\$ (493,054)	\$ 3,959,237	\$ 505,314

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, and postclosure landfill costs are generally liquidated by the General fund.

	В	eginning					E	Ending	Du	e Within
	E	Balance	Add	itions	Re	eductions	В	Balance	O	ne Year
Business-type activities:										
Capital leases	\$	38,520	\$	-	\$	(26,353)	\$	12,167	\$	12,167
Business-type activities										
Long-term liabilities	\$	38,520	\$		\$	(26,353)	\$	12,167	\$	12,167

I. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets and errors or omissions. The City purchases commercial insurance for most types of risk. The government manages risk through various employee education and prevention programs.

The City has property, general liability, criminal, inland marine, workers' compensation, and employers' liability coverages. The policies have various deductibles ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 and co-insurance of 90% with replacement value on buildings and personal property. Policy limits extend from \$1,000,000 per occurrence to a general aggregate of \$3,000,000.

Liability insurance expense and workers' compensation expense totaled \$106,317 and \$121,751, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2014.

J. Contingent Liabilities

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Commitments

The City has entered into power sales contracts together with 45 other cities and one county in the State of Georgia with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG). Under terms of these contracts, the City purchases power and energy for resale to its electric system customers.

Litigation

During the course of normal operations of the City, various claims and lawsuits arise. The City attorney has advised that there are no potential liabilities that will impair the City's financial position as of the date of this audit report.

K. Tax Revenues

Property Taxes

State law requires that property taxes be based on assessed value, which is 40% of market value. All real and personal property (including motor vehicles) are valued as of January 1 of each year and must be returned for tax purposes by March 1. With the exception of motor vehicles and the property of public utilities, which are valued by the State Revenue Department, all assessments are made by the Board of Tax Assessors of Monroe County.

Upon completion of all assessments and tax returns, the information is turned over to the Monroe County Tax Commissioner for compilation of the tax digest. The completed tax digest must be submitted to the State Revenue Commissioner for approval. The State Revenue Commissioner must ascertain that real property on the tax digest has been assessed at the state mandated forty percent of fair market value. The Commissioner has the option to withhold certain state funding if the mandated 40% level is not reached.

During 2014 taxes were levied on November 1 and were due and payable on or before December 20. Unpaid property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of April 1, 2015.

Hotel/Motel Taxes

A summary of the hotel/motel excise tax receipts and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2014, is as follows:

Expenditures by Purpose	Tax Receipts Percentage					
Chamber of Commerce General Fund	\$	120,549 180,824	40% 60%			
Total		301,373	100%			

L. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>

Net investment in capital assets on the Government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	 ernmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Net investment in capital assets:		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 9,757,581	\$ 32,456,554
Less accumulated depreciation	 (4,433,136)	(18,768,657)
Book value	5,324,445	13,687,897
Less capital related debt	 (3,317,807)	(12,167)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,006,638	\$ 13,675,730

M. Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet, as of December 31, 2014, consisted of prepaid insurance of \$2,941 in the general fund.

N. Restricted, Committed, and Assigned Fund Balance

Restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet as of December 31, 2014, consisted of:

	Gen	T Fund	Police Specia Fund Revenue Fun			
Restricted fund balance						
Fire department equipment purchases	\$	5,789	\$	-	\$	-
Debt service of USDA note		54,302		-		-
SPLOST referendum purchases		-	1,0)58,254		-
Assigned fund balance						
Police department purchases	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,187

O. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan, City of Forsyth Retirement Plan (the Plan), provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These retirement provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by City Council. The Plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report on GMEBS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Financial statements for the plan can be obtained by writing:

Georgia Municipal Association 210 Pryor Street Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Significant Account Policies

Basis of Accounting. The plan's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, modified to include unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities owned by the plan.

Plan member contributions (not currently required) are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. City contributions are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

Investments in securities are valued at current market prices. The GMEBS trust fund is invested, approximately, in 57% equities and 43% fixed income.

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth minimum funding standards for state and local government pension plans.

Administrative expenses are based on total covered compensation of active plan participants and are added to the state-required annual funding requirement.

The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the City, to establish and amend from time-to-time the contribution rates for the City and its plan participants.

Annual Pension Cost

For the plan year, the City's annual pension cost of \$193,558 was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Plan

				1	Vet
Plan		Annual	Percentage	Per	nsion
Year		Pension	of APC	Obli	gation
Beginning	C	ost (APC)	Contributed	(A	sset)
1/1/2013	\$	170,140	100%	\$	-
1/1/2014		193,558	100%		-
1/1/2015		197,022	100%		-

The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% per year. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized (closed level dollar method) over 30 years and changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods. The current equivalent amortization period (ESAP) is calculated at 12 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			a Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
7-1/2014	\$ 4,433,470	\$ 4,792,220	\$ 358,750	92.51%	\$ 2,098,355	17.10%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Additional Information

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. The following summarizes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in that valuation:

Valuation date	July 1, 2014
Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method	Projected unit credit
Asset valuation method	Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the
	year plus the assumed investment
	return, adjusted by 10% of the
	amount that the value exceeds or is
	less than the market value at the end of year.
Amortization method	Closed level dollar for remaining
	unfunded liability
Remaining amortization period	Varies for the bases, the weighted
	average currently is calculated at 12
	years (ESAP)
Actuarial assumptions:	
Assumed rate of return	7.75%
Expected future salary increases	3.50%
Expected inflation	3.50%
Cost of living adjustments	0.00%
Membership of the Plan	
Retirees and beneficiaries	46
Terminated plan members entitled to,	
but not yet receiving benefits	24
Active plan members	<u>_65</u>
Total	135

P. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City provides funding for continued healthcare benefits to retired employees. The Healthcare Plan, administered by Coventry Health Care of Georgia, Inc., provides medical and prescription drug benefits to those who qualify. Continued healthcare benefits in the form of single coverage will be paid at 99% of the premium. All city employees may become eligible for post employment health care benefits if they retire with a 70 year total of age plus years employed with the city. This benefit is limited to a period until the employee reaches age 65, at which time the benefit terminates. The City has the authority to amend or terminate this benefit. The Healthcare Plan was established by City Council and it may be amended by the same Council.

The Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit post-retirement healthcare. The City has not elected to advance fund the Plan, but rather maintains the Plan on a "pay as you go" basis. In 2014, early retiree health insurance had 24 participants and an annual cost of \$35,920.

The City also provides funding for life insurance benefits to retired employees. The Term Life Plan, administered by Mutual of Omaha Insurance Company, provides life insurance coverage to those who qualify. Life insurance benefits in the form of \$30,000 term life will be paid at 100% of the premium. All city employees may become eligible for post employment life insurance benefits if they retire with a 70 year total of age plus years employed with the city. The benefit is provided until death of the retiree. The City has the authority to amend or terminate this benefit. The Term Life Plan was established by City Council and it may be amended by the same Council.

The Term Life Plan is a single-employer defined benefit term life plan. The City has not elected to advance fund the Plan, but rather maintains the Plan on a "pay as you go" basis. In 2014, term life insurance had 88 participants and an annual cost of \$43,155.

Neither Plan has had actuarial calculations performed to establish net OPEB obligation since annual cost is minimal to the City's annual budget and the city pays both benefits on a "pay as you go" basis.

Q. Closure and Postclosure of Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the Landfill to place a final cover on the landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although, closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the landfill reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care

costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet. The \$832,741 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2014, represents the cumulative amount reported to-date based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill site. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2014. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

R. Legal Contracts and Agreements

The City of Forsyth, Georgia is one of approximately 47 participants who have entered into Power and Sales Contract with the Municipal Electrical Authority of Georgia (MEAG). Under these contracts, the Authority has agreed to provide to the participant, and the participants have agreed to take from the Authority, such output and services from the various projects of the Authority as may be available for the useful life thereof. The participants are required to make payments therefore according to the rates and charges established by the Authority to produce revenues sufficient to pay the Authority's cost attributable to such projects. In general, the Power Sales Contract provide that if at any time, (i) a project is terminated prior to completion, or (ii) a project declared by the Authority to be totally and permanently retired from service, or (iii) a project is totally, but not permanently, out of service and the Authority is unable to provide service from alternative sources, then each participant will remain liable to pay a fixed percentage referred to an "obligation share" of the Authority's costs attributable to such projects. In case of default by a participant under its contracts relating to any of the various projects, such participant would remain liable to the greater of its obligation share of the Authority's costs attributable to such project or the amount determined to be due under the rates and charges established by the Authority.

Payments under the Power Sales contracts are not subject to reduction whether by offset or otherwise, and will not be conditional upon the performance or nonperformance by any party of any agreement for any cause whatsoever. Each Power Sales Contract will continue in full force and effect at least until; such time, not to exceed 50 years, as all bonds issued for the purpose of financing the costs of acquisition and construction of the applicable project, and notes issued for such purpose in anticipation of the bonds, have been paid or provision has been made for their payment.

The City of Forsyth approved a resolution adopting the provisions of the Municipal Competitive Trust (the "Trust"), which was created by MEAG for the mutual benefit of MEAG and its wholesale customers which have elected to become beneficiaries. The Trust was established to provide MEAG and the Trust's beneficiaries a means to mitigate the expected differential between market rates for power and the cost of power generated by MEAG facilities, after deregulation of the electric industry.

The Trust created two types of funds, which are held by MEAG in the name of the City. The first type represents amounts that are available to the City for withdrawal without restriction. The second type represents amounts that are available to the City in the form of a loan or as an off-set to billings from MEAG for power usage if certain criteria related to the difference between the cost of power generated by MEAG facilities and the market rates for power are met.

S. Subsequent Events

City's management evaluated subsequent events through June 19, 2015 and found no reportable events.



CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2014

City of Forsyth Defined Benefit Plan Trust Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Year	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Unfunded/ (Assets in Excess of) AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded/ (Assets in Excess of) AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll {(b-a)/c}
7/1/2014	\$ 4,433,470	\$ 4,792,220	\$ 358,750	92.5%	\$ 2,098,355	17.1%
7/1/2013	4,241,491	4,669,442	427,951	90.8%	2,168,464	19.7%
7/1/2012	4,061,407	4,412,506	351,099	92.0%	2,221,250	15.8%
7/1/2011	3,877,032	4,145,465	268,433	93.5%	1,827,556	14.7%
7/1/2010	3,738,615	4,059,845	321,230	92.1%	1,963,398	16.4%
10/1/2009	3,618,929	3,560,874	(58,055)	101.6%	1,952,103	-3.0%
9/1/2008	3,451,837	3,335,946	(115,891)	103.5%	1,815,861	-6.4%
12/31/2006	3,634,756	2,919,107	(715,649)	124.5%	1,813,684	-39.5%
12/31/2005	3,270,371	2,888,274	(382,097)	113.2%	2,118,581	-18.0%
12/31/2004	3,122,499	2,259,567	(862,935)	138.2%	1,761,610	-49.0%



CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Municipal Court Fund						
	E	Balance					I	Balance
	Dec	ember 31,					Dec	ember 31,
		2013	1	Additions	Ľ	Deductions		2014
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	43,526	\$	354,665	\$	(351,048)	\$	47.143
Total Assets	\$	43,526	\$	354,665	\$	(351,048)	\$	47,143
LIABILITIES								
Funds held in escrow	\$	16,218	\$	163,146	\$	(155,369)	\$	23,995
Due to others		27,308		191,519		(195,679)		23,148
Total Liabilities	_\$	43,526	\$	354,665	\$	(351,048)	\$	47,143

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Rev	Special enue Fund tel/Motel ax Fund	Special Revenue Fund Police Special Revenue		Gov	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash Receivables, net of allowance	\$	5,645 24,576	\$	9,187	\$	14,832 24,576
Total Assets	\$	30,221	\$	9,187	\$	39,408
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accrued liabilities	\$	30,221	\$		S	30,221
Total Liabilities		30,221		•	<u> </u>	30,221
Fund Balances: Assigned Assigned for police expenditures Assigned for tourism expenditures Total Fund Balances		- - -		9,187		9,187 - 9,187
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	30,221		9,187	\$	39,408

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Fund Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	Special Revenue Fund Police Special Purpose Revenue	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Hotel/Motel Taxes Fines and Forfeitures Investment Earnings	\$ 301,373	\$ - 7.353 6	\$ 301,373 7,353 6
Total Revenues	301,373	7,359	308.732
Expenditures: Current: Agencies Public safety	120,549	8.771	120.549 8,771
Total Expenditures	120,549	8,771	129,320
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	180.824	(1,412)	179,412
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers (to) from other funds	(180.824)		(180,824)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,824)	<u>-</u>	(180,824)
Net change in fund balances	-	(1.412)	(1,412)
Fund Balance, beginning of year		10,599	10,599
Fund Balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 9,187	\$ 9,187

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Initial Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	nriance with na! Budget Positive Negative)	
Revenues:								
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$. =	<u>-</u> -	\$	310,000	\$	301,373	S	(8,627)
Total Revenues	 			310,000		301,373		(8,627)
Expenditures: General government:								
Chamber of Commerce	 			124,000		120,549		3,451
Total Expenditures				124,000		120,549		3,451
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expendi	-			186,000		180,824		(5,176)
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers to other funds		<u>.</u> -		(186,000)		(180,824)		5,176
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(186,000)		(180,824)		5,176
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Other Financing Uses	\$ 	<u>. </u>	\$	-		-	<u>\$</u>	
Fund Balance, beginning of year								
Fund Balance, end of year					\$	-		

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA POLICE SPECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Initial Final Budget Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Fine and Forfeitures Investment Earnings	\$ -	S	10,000	\$ 7,353 6	\$	(2,647) (4)
Total Revenues			10,010	 7,359		(2,651)
Expenditures: Public safety			10,010	 8,771		1,239
Total Expenditures	 <u></u>		10,010	 8,771		1,239
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expende	 		<u>-</u>	 (1,412)		(1,412)
Other Financing Uses: Transfers to other funds	 			<u> </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		-	-		<u> </u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Other Financing Uses	\$ 	\$		(1,412)	<u>_</u> \$	(1,412)
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 10,599		
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 9,187		

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Original Estimated Cost		Revised Estimated Cost		Prior Year(s)				ated Prior Curre				Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
2007 SPLOST															
Water & Sewer Upgrades Road Improvements Streetscape Project Public Safety Vehicles City Park Improvements Old City Hall Rehabilitation Downtown Parking	\$	1,200,000 900,000 600,000 600,000 402,000 300,000 198,000	S	1,200,000 850,000 600,000 650,000 402,000 312,097 198,000	\$	1,202,721 320,196 706,190 649,441 248,131 312,097 197,131	\$	38,590 463,848 - - -	\$	1,241,311 784,044 706,190 649,441 248,131 312,097 197,131	103.44% 92.24% 117.70% 99.91% 61.72% 100.00% 99.56%				
	\$	4,200,000	\$	4,212,097	\$	3.635,907	\$	502,438	\$	4,138,345					
2014 SPLOST															
Water & Sewer Upgrades Road Improvements Public Safety Vehicles City Park Improvements Downtown Improvements	\$	3,220,000 550,000 470,000 285,000 75,000	\$	3,220,000 550,000 470,000 285,000 75,000	\$	716,642	\$	1,000,520 85,091 134,680	\$	1,717,162 85.091 134,680	53.33% 15.47% 28.66% 0.00% 0.00%				
	\$	4,600,000	\$	4,600,000	\$	716,642	\$	1,220,291	\$	1,936,933					

NOTE: The difference in total SPLOST expenditures of \$1,722,729 as noted above, and total expenditures of the SPLOST Fund of \$2,191,215 is bond principal of \$380,000, bond debt service of \$88,486.



CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA STATISTICAL SECTION INTRODUCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section provides users with additional historical perspective, content, and detail to assist in understanding the information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and for assessing the City's economic condition.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends Page 56

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Page 63

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, sales taxes and ad valorem taxes.

Debt Capacity Page 69

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information Page 73

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information Page 75

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

	Calendar Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,989,261	\$ 2.030.681	\$ 1,916,483	\$ 2.304.823	\$ 2,234,834	\$ 2,822,419	\$ 3.983,777	\$ 4,048,105	\$ 3.231,493	\$ 2,006,638
Restricted	-	-	266,774	771.272	983,515	822,839	1,272,016	430,819	63,354	63,489
Unrestricted	(696,735)	(424,713)	(492.417)	(423,564)	(120,777)	518,173	(440,645)	409.023	1,217,566	1.919,922
Total governmental activities net position	1,292,526	1,605,968	1,690,840	2,652,531	3,097,572	4,163,431	4,815,148	4,887,947	4,512,413	3,990,049
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	8,816,244	10,410,925	12.340,821	15,329,342	15,021,681	15,149,564	15,009,325	14,745,496	15.098.938	13,675,730
Restricted	962,013	994,050	1,089,332	471,000	471.000	471,000	471,000	471,000	-	_
Unrestricted	6,506,580	4.376.600	2.969,585	1,008,840	762.192	1,860,272	2.335,630	1,801,812	1.560,350	1.835,680
Total business-type activities net position	16,284,837	15.781,575	16,399,738	16,809,182	16,254,873	17,480,836	17,815,955	17.018.308	16,659,288	15,511.410
Primary government total:										
Net investment in capital assets	10.805,505	12,441,606	14,257.304	17,634,165	17.256.515	17,971,983	18,993.102	18.793.601	18,330,431	15,682,368
Restricted	962.013	994.050	1,356,106	1,242.272	1,454,515	1,293,839	1.743,016	901,819	63,354	1,121,743
Unrestricted	5,809,845	3.951.887	2,477,168	585.276	641,415	2,378,445	1,894,985	2,210,835	2,777.916	2.697,348
Total primary government net position	\$ 17,577,363	\$ 17,387.543	\$ 18,090,578	\$ 19.461,713	\$ 19.352,445	\$ 21,644.267	\$ 22,631.103	\$ 21,906,255	\$ 21,171,701	\$ 19,501,459

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

							Calend	dar Y	car					
	20	05	2006	2007	2008	2009)		2010	2	011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses:														
Governmental activities:														
General government		259.527 \$	1.551.765 \$	1.468,309 \$	1.218.640	\$ 1,41	0.070	\$	1,448,306		.283,799 \$	1,320,752 \$	1,524,706 \$	1,282,167
Public safety		553,755	1,811,849	2,028,036	2,026,424	1,90	1,616		2,030,713	2	,497,117	2,313,436	2,148,535	2,161,085
Public works	1,2	260,002	1,232,752	1,772,474	1,375,092		5,762		1.177,152	1	.299,110	1,247,275	1,332,709	1.161,433
Better Hometown		-	20,460	23,712	94,993	9	2,612		94,744		79,813	100,168	118,824	120,804
Recreation and parks		13,598	110.055	126,543	14,039	2	4,603		19.653		67.301	59,110	36,934	36,124
Economic Development		-	-	259,000	-		-		-		•	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	_	26,797	31,583	46.828	42,205	11	5,991		92,883		85.385	74,021	94,286	72,111
Total governmental activities expenses	4,1	13,679	4,758,464	5,724,902	4,771,393	4,69	0,654		4,863,451	. 5	,312,525	5,114,762	5,255,994	4,833,724
Business-type activities:														
Water and Sewer	2,1	88,155	2,452,951	2,744,406	2,497,429	2.34	7,640		2.594.367	2	,766,489	2,763,021	2,765,315	2,716,467
Electric	4.1	13,835	4,611,114	5,029,797	4,833,497		2,070		6.312,351		,939,331	7,375,402	7,843,734	9,567,802
Cable	1,3	33,144	1,434,759	1.558,407	1,429,371		1,354		1.357.940		.373.193	1,386,110	1,364,024	1,004,783
Total business-type activities expenses	7,6	35,134	8,498,824	9.332,610	8.760,297		1,064		10,264,658		,079.013	11.524,533	11.973,073	13,289,052
Total primary government expenses	11,7	48,813	13,257,288	15,057,512	13,531,690	14.03	1,718		15,128,109	16	.391.538	16,639,295	17,229,067	18,122,776
Program revenues														
Governmental activities:														
Charges for services:														
General government	1	00,646	98,821	114.744	241,996	120	0,383		104,718		127,796	103,346	143,867	121,714
Public safety	4	39,548	455,202	644.759	364,864		7,537		375.063		452,485	520,036	391,328	261,547
Public works		73,532	276,650	413,885	380.780		7,501		399,480		428,856	388,715	315,027	291,718
Recreation and parks		-	· -	-	-		0.150		-		-	500,715	515,027	271,710
Operating grants and contributions		61,932	189.898	60,756	34,292		5,600		1,000		42,232		4,750	136,305
Capital grants and contributions		50,000	_	-					1,176,180	1	.098,773	715.875	900,835	710,021
Total governmental activities program revenues	9	25,658	1,020,571	1,234,144	1,021,932	89	1,171		2.056.441		.150,142	1.727.972	1,755,807	1,521.305
Business-type activities:														
Charges for services:														
Water and Sewer	1.7	81,035	1,993,426	2,372,834	2,092,204	2.05	1,720		2,238,758	2	,381,675	2,348,384	2,324,264	2,563,660
Electric		75,375	5,094,481	5,962,160	5,778,944	5,94:			7,324.525		.417,847	7,488,911	8,006,946	
Cable		50,793	1,116,644	1,110,666	1,116,143	1.130			1,107,994		.417.847 .106,494	1,080,843		8,966,317
Operating grants and contributions	1,1.	-		3,679	1,110,143	1.1.30	,,,,0,,		1,107,774	1	,100,474	1,000,040	1,040.788	626,579
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	1.087,448	608,482	4	2.866		760,565		650,000	-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	8,20	07,203	8.204,551	10,536,787	9.595,773	9,17			11,431,842		556,016	10,918,138	11.371,998	12,156,556
Total primary governmental program revenues	\$ 9,13	32.861 \$	9,225,122 \$	11.770,931 \$	10.617.705	\$ 10.064	1.201	s	13,488,283	\$ 13	.706.158 \$	12.646.110 \$	13.127,805 \$	13.677,861

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (CONTINUED)

	Calendar Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue							· · · ·			
Governmental activities	\$ (3.188,021)	\$ (3,737,893)	\$ (4.490,758)	\$ (3,749,461)	\$ (3,799.483)	\$ (2,807,010)	\$ (3,162,383)	\$ (3,386,790)	\$ (3,500,187)	\$ (3,312,419)
Business-type activities	572,069	(294.273)	1,204,177	835,476	(168,034)	1,167,184	477,003	(606,395)	(601.075)	(1,132.496)
Total primary government expense	(2.615,952)	(4.032,166)	(3,286,581)	(2.913.985)	(3,967,517)	(1.639,826)	(2,685,380)	(3.993,185)	(4,101,262)	(4,444.915)
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	et Position									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	568,629	518.526	483,576	612.791	636,400	613.754	609,299	621,760	669.123	594,819
Sales taxes	985.913	1,227,317	2.049,597	2,532,017	2,151,560	1.478,126	1,581,895	1,102,851	1,031,557	891,040
Other taxes and licenses	893.527	877.483	911,794	751,993	852,450	839,930	791,468	799,138	809,692	797,757
Investment earnings	3.020	24,961	35.478	12,632	7.463	1,483	1.145	558	1,244	2,646
Miscellaneous	38.977	47,087	102.428	29,166	54.913	64.327	91,482	277,793	53.170	56.325
Transfers	(189,586)	1.355,961	992,757	772,553	541,738	875,249	738,811	657,489	559,867	447,468
Total governmental activities	2.300.480	4,051.335	4.575,630	4.711.152	4,244,524	3.872.869	3.814.100	3,459,589	3,124,653	2,790,055
Business-type activities:										
Sales tax	543,475	675.205	-	· -	_	_	_	_	_	
Investment earnings	529,221	471,768	406.743	489,859	155,463	754,159	456,593	413.264	570.720	42,014
Miscellaneous	-	-	_	_	-	13,281	140,334	52,973	231,202	390,072
Transfers	189,586	(1,355,961)	(992,757)	(915,891)	(541,738)	(708,661)	(738.811)	(657,489)	(559,867)	(447,468)
Total business-type activities	1,262,282	(208,988)	(586,014)	(426,032)	(386.275)	58,779	(141.884)	(191,252)	242,055	(15,382)
Total primary government	3,562,762	3.842,347	3.989.616	4,285,120	3,858,249	3,931,648	3,672,216	3,268,337	3,366.708	2,774,673
Change in Net Position								·		
Governmental activities	(887,541)	313,442	84,872	961,691	445,041	1,065,859	651,717	72,799	(375,534)	(522,364)
Business-type activities	1,834,351	(503,261)	618,163	409,444	(554,309)	1,225,963	335,119	72,799 (797,647)	(375,534)	(522,364) (1,147,878)
Total primary government	\$ 946.810	\$ (189,819)	\$ 703,035	\$ 1,371,135	\$ (109,268)	\$ 2.291.822	\$ 986,836	\$ (724,848)	\$ (734,554)	\$ (1,670.242)

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

0.		<u> </u>			C	alendar Year				
Prior to implementation of GASB 54	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund				<u> </u>						
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,149	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	336,039	648,298	546,956	586,107	736.299	-	-	_	•	Ψ -
Total general fund	336.039	648,298	546.956	633.256	736,299	-	-	-		
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	_		266,774	724,123	2 000 427					
Unreserved	_	_	200,774		2,990,426	-	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds		- -	266.774	71,560 795,683	83,188 3,073.614			<u> </u>	-	
<u>-</u>			200,774		3,073.014		-			
16					Ca	alendar Year				
After implementation of GASB 54	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund							 			
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	16,202	23.522	3,494	5,784	2,941
Restricted	-	-	-	•	-	45,876	47,019	73.608	55,029	60,091
Committed	-		-	-	-	_	-	,5.0,76	55,027	00,091
Assigned	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	•
Unassigned	-	_	_	_	_	1,071,596	984.215	872,761	952,304	1.002.245
Total general fund		-	-			1.133.674	1,054.756	949,863	1,013,117	1.083.345
All Others C	-							717,003		1,140,377
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	278,728	324,849	328,986	288,043	_
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	2,394,415	1.373,548	3.162,844	2,490,076	1,058,254
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	2.170.070	1,050,254
Assigned	-	-	-	-	_	59,520	83,493	44,803	10,599	9,187
Unassigned	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	44,803	10,399	9,187
Total all other governmental funds	-					2,732,663	1.781,890	3,536,633	2.788,718	1,067,441
Total governmental funds	\$ 336,039	\$ 648.298	\$ 813,730	\$ 1,428,939	\$ 3,809,913	\$ 3.866,337	\$ 2.836,646	\$ 4,486,496	\$ 3,801,835	\$ 2.213.818

Note 1: Fund balances terminology changed in June 15, 2010 with the implementation of GASB statement 54.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

	Calendar Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:						2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Taxes	\$ 2,437,778	\$ 2,592,219	\$ 3,466,595	\$ 3,988,237	\$ 2,831,092	\$ 2,934,455	\$ 3,017,700	\$ 2,510,573	\$ 2,500,962	¢ 2240.011
Licenses and permits	100.646	98.821	114,744	113,115	116,898	104,718	127,796	103.346	143.867	\$ 2.348,811 121,714
Intergovernmental	111,932	189,898	60.756	34,292	724,614	1,165,182	1,137,270	715.875	904,678	634,625
Fines and forfeitures	413,598	455,202	644,759	364,885	347,537	375.063	452,485	520.036	391,328	
Charges for services	299.482	276,650	413.885	396,058	394,319	399,480	428,856	388.715	391,328	261,547
Investment earnings	3,020	24.961	35,478	12,611	7.463	2,880	4,879	558	2,151	291,718
Other revenues	38,977	47,087	102,428	29,166	65,063	74.928	91,482	35,511	150,010	3,042 56.325
Total revenues	3,362.225	3,405,433	3,684,838	4,838,645	4.938,364	4,486,986	5.056,706	5,260,468	4,408,023	3,717,782
Expenditures										
General government	1,170,643	1,446,508	1,661,240	1,061,479	1.103,838	1,502,460	1,622,132	1,257,352	1,461,306	1 202 127
Public safety	1.469,251	1,796,911	1,915,924	1,873,857	1.858.466	2.033.492	2.467,583	2.145,608	2,024,716	1.293,127
Public works	1.230,575	1,438,759	1.348,751	1,341,172	1.273.496	1.350,224	1,410.651	1,218,334	1,290,570	2,018,487 1,098.622
Parks and recreation	11,474	18,336	21.588	11,915	22,478	16,663	63,445	54,761	22,030	
Better hometown	50.262	110,055	126,543	94,993	92.612	94,744	79,813	100,168	118,824	12,789
Capital outlay	21,975	_	463,749	1,040,388	51,179	436,558	878,815	347,337	241,761	120,804 683,619
Debt service						13772556	870,813	347.337	241,701	000,019
Principal	124,409	85.446	81.347	402,991	136,601	412,309	426.676	442,583	453,530	404,516
Interest	26.797	31,583	46.828	60,331	115.991	92,883	85.385	74,021	52,378	121,303
Total expenditures	4,941.371	4,105,386	4,927,598	5,665,970	5,887,126	4.654.661	5,939,333	7,034,500	5.665,115	5.753.267
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(1,579,146)	(699.953)	(1,242,760)	(827,325)	(948.762)	(167,675)	(882,627)	(1.774,032)	(1.257,092)	(2,035.485)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in (out)	(191,586)	1,355,961	992,757	1,141,955	541,738	875,249	738,811	657,489	559,867	447.460
Bond and loan proceeds	862.080	199,058	-	422,016	2.006.911	63.791	5.542	2.358,019	- 100,466	447.468
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,305,587	670.494	1,555,019	992.757	1,563,971	2.548,649	939.040	744.353	559,867	447.468
Net change in fund balances	\$ (273,559)	\$ (29,459)	\$ 312,259	\$ 165,432	\$ 615,209	\$ 2,380,974	\$ 56.413	\$ (1,029,679)	\$ (697,225)	\$ (1,588.017)
Ratio of debt service to noncapital expenditures	3.85%	2,43%	2.53%	10.57%	5.81%	10.11%	9,07%	10.82%	10.29%	11.57%

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year	General Government	Police	Fire Department	Municipal Court	Public Works	Better Hometown	Parks & Recreation	Total
2005	\$ 979,874	\$1,075,522	\$ 393,729	\$ 57,886	\$ 1,230,575	\$ 50,262	\$ 11,474	\$3,799,322
2006	1,249,446	1,399,742	397,169	63,994	1,438,759	110,055	18,336	4,677,501
2007	1,176,129	1,475,054	440,870	97,699	1,348,751	126,543	21,588	4,686,634
2008	922,043	1,358,814	423,078	91,965	1,341,172	94,993	11,915	4,243,980
2009	678,047	1,230,211	448,008	92,517	1,273,496	92,612	22,478	3,837,369
2010	1,390,959	1,443,956	526,455	89,755	1,350,224	94,744	16,663	4,912,756
2011	1,511,255	1,683,293	714,204	85,444	1,410,651	79,813	63,445	5,548,105
2012	1,137,303	1,495,948	602,431	93,164	1,231,202	100,168	54,761	4,714,977
2013	1,338,921	1,290,276	643,157	95,738	1,290,570	118,824	22,030	4,799,516
2014	1,172,578	1,297,778	677,104	92,167	1,098,622	120,804	12,789	4,471,842

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Source is current and prior years' fund financial statements.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year	Inter- Government	Ad Valorem Taxes	Sales Taxes	Franchise Taxes	censes &	Charges for Services	Fines & Forfeits	Beer & Liquor Taxes	Insurance Premium Tax	Misc. & Interest	<u>Total</u>
2005	\$ 111,932	\$ 667,283	\$ 1.529,388	\$ 173,429	\$ 100,646	\$ 299,482	\$ 413,598	\$ 177,999	\$ 205,042	\$ 41,997	\$ 3.720.796
2006	191,638	487,419	1,902,522	106,588	98.821	276.650	455,202	223,701	214,525	70,307	4.027,373
2007	63.312	505,204	2,049,597	144.520	114.744	367,573	644,759	222,471	223,773	134.806	4,470,759
2008	34,292	584,679	2,532,017	113,603	113,115	396,058	328,585	180,224	229,134	39,556	4.551,263
2009	25,600	529,429	2,151,560	105,804	116,898	394.319	347,537	201,851	226,984	48.804	4,148,786
2010	393.179	616,399	2.250,129	116,700	104.718	399,480	365,999	224.091	220,387	76,411	4.767.493
2011	336,489	644,337	2,370,080	119,443	127.796	428,856	411.603	217.159	177.673	92,587	4.926.023
2012	90,507	608,584	1.728,219	110,444	103,346	388.715	489,377	199,848	188,719	36.032	3,943,791
2013	36.024	659,713	1,900,211	116,050	143,867	315,027	373,151	192,281	195,400	151,239	4,082,963
2014	180.539	660,014	1,345,126	95,334	121,714	291,718	254.194	193.725	207,325	58,965	3.408.654

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA SALES TAX COLLECTIONS AND RATES LAST TEN YEARS

	Sales Tax Received by Forsyth				Individual S	ales Tax Rates		
				State	Co	ounty	City	
Calendar Year	Local Option Sales Tax	Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	Total Collected Sales Tax	Basic Rate	County Education Rate	Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	Total Sales Tax Rate
2005	\$ 985,913	\$ 543,475	\$ 1,529,388	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2006	1,227,317	675,205	1,902,522	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2007	1,322,174	727,423	2,049,597	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2008	1,663,432	868,585	2,532,017	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2009	1,452,546	699,014	2,151,560	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2010	1,478,126	772,003	2,250,129	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2011	1,581,895	788,185	2,370,080	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2012	1,102,851	625,368	1,728,219	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2013	1,031,557	868,654	1,900,211	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%
2014	891,040	454,086	1,345,126	4%	1%	1%	1%	7%

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year	Assessed Value of Taxable Property	Less Tax Exempt Real Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2005	\$ 111,722,709	\$ 19,889,818	\$ 91,832,891	7.015	\$ 229,582,228	40%
2006	114,369,837	19,793,523	94,576,314	6.515	236,440,785	40%
2007	118,651,803	19,826,374	98,825,429	6.000	247,063,573	40%
2008	116,969,795	9,791,246	107,178,549	5.750	267,946,373	•
2009	120,859,356	9,764,906	111,094,450	5.750	277,736,125	40%
2010	121,371,593	9,897,306	111,474,287	5.750	278,685,718	40%
2011	119,762,947	9,906,759	109,856,188	5.600	274,640,470	40%
2012	121,919,065	9,992,386	111,926,679	5.600	274,840,470	40%
2013	121,448,004	9,691,866	111,756,138	5.600	, ,	40%
2014	118,275,837	9,728,506	108,547,331	3.500	279,390,345 271,368,328	40% 40%

Sources: Georgia's Consolidated Tax Digest

Note: The county assesses property at 40% of actual value. Actual taxable value is calculated by dividing assessed value by 40%. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

	Ta	xes Levied	 Collected Fiscal Year		C	ollections		Total Collec	tion to Date	Outs	standing	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes as Percentage of
Calendar Year Ended	_Cal	for the endar Year	 Amount	Percentage of Levy	in 5	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Del	inquent axes	Current Levy
12/31/2005	\$	667,283	\$ 593,574	88.95%	S	73,693	\$	667,267	100.00%	\$	16	0.00%
12/31/2006		487,419	368,450	75.59%		118,969	•	487,419	100.00%	Ψ	-	0.00%
12/31/2007		505,204	391,882	77.57%		113,314		505,196	100.00%		8	0.00%
12/31/2008		584,679	324,981	55.58%		259,167		584,148	99.91%		531	0.09%
12/31/2009		529,429	406,633	76.81%		122,275		528,908	99.90%		521	0.10%
12/31/2010		616,399	482,924	78.35%		123,081		606,005	98.31%		10,394	1.69%
12/31/2011		644,337	562,484	87.30%		74,773		637,257	98.90%		7,080	1.10%
12/31/2012		625,241	532,308	85.14%		82,431		614,739	98.32%		10,502	1.68%
12/31/2013		618,538	525,605	84.98%		86,046		611,651	98.89%		6.887	1.11%
12/31/2014		359,111	302,078	84.12%		-		302,078	84.12%		57,033	15.88%

Sources: Digest Reports of Forsyth, Property Tax Collection Reports,
Property Tax Delinquent Accounts Reports, Prior Forsyth Financial Reports

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

	Direct	Over	lapping	
Tax Levy Period Calendar Year	City Basic Rate	State and County	County School System	Total
2005	6.515	11.450	13.500	31.465
2006	6.000	11.450	13.500	30.950
2007	5.750	11.450	13.900	31.100
2008	5.750	9.681	13.100	28.531
2009	5.750	9.681	13.700	29.131
2010	5.600	9.681	13.950	29.231
2011	5.600	9.681	14.987	30.268
2012	5.600	9.531	15.342	30.473
2013	5.600	9.981	15.342	30.923
2014	3.500	9.931	15.342	28.773

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue

Note: The above presents tax rates per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Note: The city's total direct rate only consists of a basic rate.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Eric S Zorn Trustee (Wal-Mart)	Retail	\$ 4,299,500	3.64%
Wal-Mart Stores East Inc	Retail	3,026,064	2.56%
Central Georgia Medical Properties LLC	Medical	2,555,956	2.16%
Ingram Timber Enterprises LP	Timber	1,446,304	1.22%
Treadwell Family Partnership	Real Estate	1,230,816	1.04%
Atlantic Gas Light Co	Utilities	1,087,697	0.92%
Ingles Markets Incorp	Grocery Store	1,017,056	0.86%
Monroe Hospitality Services	Hotel	891,760	0.75%
Encore Plastics Southeast	Manufacturer	890,556	0.75%
Sai Ram Hotel	Hotel	 890,004	0.75%
		 17,335,713	14.66%

Source: Monroe County Tax Digest

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2005

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
Perdue Farms Inc	Poultry	\$ 1,636,813	1.47%	
Trane Company	AC Manufacturer	1,454,829	1.30%	
Forsyth Inns Inc	Hotel	1,426,332	1.28%	
Ingram Timber Enterprises	Timber	1,357,943	1.22%	
Newton Trio MFG Co	Manufacturing	1,280,233	1.15%	
Ingles Markets	Grocery Store	1,188,122	1.06%	
Bellsouth Telecom	Telephone	1,180,607	1.06%	
Treadwell Family Partnership	Real Estate	1,130,573	1.01%	
Jack Treadwell	Real Estate	1,073,501	0.96%	
Wal-Mart Stores East Inc	Retail	900,162	0.81%	
Brandenburg-Forsyth LTD	Real Estate	838,918	0.75%	
		\$ 13,468,033	12.05%	

Source: Monroe County Tax Digest

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

				Gov	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities								
General Calendar Obligation Year Bonds		Obligation Notes		Revenue Capital Bonds Leases			Notes Payable		Revenue Bonds		F		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita		
2005	\$	-	\$	906,536	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	3.930,000	\$	3,689,598	\$ 8,526,134	0.420/	£ 2.254
2006		_		857,713		_	4	162,435	Ψ	91,354	Ψ	2,645,000	Φ	3.298,353		9.42%	\$ 2,254
2007		-		840,319		_		98,482		71,377		1,325,000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,054,855	7.54%	1,864
2008		_		831,001		_		126,825		,				2,888,915	5,224,093	5.40%	1,380
2009		_		821,225		2,030,000		120,623		-		-		2,510,935	3,468,761	3.32%	916
2010		_		811,025		1,635,000		61 141		-		-		2,040,709	4,891,934	4.91%	1,292
2011		_		*				51,141		-		-		1,666,893	4,164,059	4.04%	1,099
		-		800,382		1,230,000		40,108		-		-		1,145,073	3,215,563	2.13%	840
2012		-		789,279		2,970,000		28,627		-		_		564,593	4,352,499	2.88%	1,136
2013		-		777,694		2,540,000		16,683		_		-		38,520	3,372,897	2.38%	880
2014		-		765,607		2,160,000		4,254		-		-		12,167	2,942,028	2.08%	746

Source: current and prior years' financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for per capita personal income and population data.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Total Amount of Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Forsyth	Amount Applicable to City of Forsyth
Direct Debt			
Notes payable Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 765,607 2,160,000 16,421		
Total Direct Debt	2,942,028		
Overlapping Debt			
			\$
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 2,942,028		\$ -

Source: City of Forsyth

Note: No overlapping debt as December 31, 2014.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2014

Assessed value of all taxable property	\$ 108,547,331	
Plus exempt property	9,728,506	\$ 118,275,837
Debt limit - 10% of assessed value		\$ 11,827,584
Debt applicable to limitation: Total general obligation debt Less assets in debt service available for payment of principal	\$ (765,607) 54,302	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		(711,305)
Legal debt margin		\$ 11,116,279

Source: City of Forsyth, Georgia tax records.

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying the general obligation debt.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA LONG TERM DEBT BURDEN WATER AND SEWER FUND LAST TEN YEARS

		Direct	Available	Debt	Serv	ice Require	ments			
Calendar Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	for Debt Service	Principal	Interest		Total	Total Debt Burden	Per Capita	
2005	\$ 8,207,203	\$ 6,160,402	\$ 2,046,801	\$ 1,613,861	\$	333,522	\$ 1,947,383	\$ -	\$ -	
2006	8,204,551	7,240,585	963,966	1,688,891		116,680	1,805,571	841,605	222	
2007	9,445,660	8,030,579	1,415,081	1,749,415		72,887	1,822,302	407,221	108	
2008	8,987,291	7,447,006	1,540,285	1,845,734		97,406	1,943,140	402,855	106	
2009	9,130,164	8,097,321	1,032,843	470,226		118,176	588,402	102,033	100	
2010	10,671,277	9,050,729	1,620,548	505,174		93,560	598,734	_	-	
2011	10,906,016	9,860,147	1.045.869	521,820		71,740	593,560	_	-	
2012	10,971,111	10,336,256	634,855	540,529		51,955	592,484	_	-	
2013	11,603,199	10,833,079	770,120	27,832		939	28,771	-	-	
2014	12,546,628	12,264,230	282,398	12,167		119	12,286	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Total revenues exclusive of SPLOST, grants and interest.

Source: current and prior years' financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Date of incorporation	December 10, 1823
Form of government	Mayor-City Council
Area	4.98 square miles
Miles of streets	46 miles
Miles of sanitary sewers	40
Number of street lights	785
Number of fire stations	1
Number of police stations	1
Number of parks	5

		Personal	Per Capita	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	al Year Population (Est) (2)		Personal Income	e Rate (County)
2005	3,783	\$ 90,512,058	\$ 23,926	4.9%
2006	3,784	93,616,160	24,740	4.5%
2007	3,785	96,733,245	25,557	4.2%
2008	3,786	104,414,094	27,579	5.7%
2009	3,787	99,617,035	26,305	9.0%
2010	3,788	103,132,088	27,226	9.2%
2011	3.826	150,732,922	39,397	8.8%
2012	3,830	150,890,510	39,397	8.2%
2013	3,834	141,394,086	36,879	7.9%
2014	3,943	141,447,239	35,873	5.7%

Source: Records in City Hall files, Georgia Department of Labor, and Bureau of Labor Statistics // www.bea.gov, City of Forsyth Records

- (1) Personal income is derived at by multiplying population by per capita personal income.
- (2) All population data, besides 2010, are estimates based on the U.S. Census results.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2014	2005			
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Population	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Population
Monroe County Board of Education	612	1	15.52%	560	1	14.80%
GA Department of Corrections	434	2	11.01%		•	17.5575
Monroe County Board of Commissioners	245	3	6.21%	350	2	9.25%
Al Burrus Correctional Institute	229	4	5.81%		-	7.2376
GA Public Safety Training Center	149	5	3.78%	179	3	4.73%
Wal-Mart	91	6	2.31%	75	8	1.98%
Monroe County Hospital	91	6	2.31%	140	4	3.70%
City of Forsyth	65	8	1.65%	80	7	2.11%
Encore Plastics	48	9	1.22%		, i	2,
Perdue Chicken	39	10	0.99%	60	9	1.59%
Ingles				120	5	3.17%
Southern Textiles				105	6	2.78%
Forsyth Inns				55	10	1.45%

Source: City of Forsyth, Occupation Licenses Reports, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: 2005 employment data not readily available. Estimates provided by city and businesses.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of Year End Function Administrative Fire Police Municipal Court l İ Public Works Better Hometown Electric Cable

Souce: City personnel records.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

	Calendar Year											
Function	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		
Administrative												
Business licenses issued	472	463	539	537	442	476	512	501	444	471		
Permits issued	133	130	152	193	263	155	212	207	243	341		
Police				.,,	203	155	212	207	243	341		
Citations	2,608	3,422	3,275	3,980	2,084	2,928	2,879	2,544	2.014	1.702		
Public Works	_,,,,,,	3,122	3,2,3	5,700	2,004	2,920	2,0/9	2,344	2,816	1,703		
Garbage customers	1,627	1,501	1,494	2,281	1,470	1,437	1,427	1,481	1.574	1.401		
Culture and Recreation	1,027	1,501	1,424	2,201	1,470	1,437	1,427	1,461	1,574	1,491		
Annual city-sponsored events	_	_	6	6	11	11	5	10	12	1.1		
Annual non-city sponsored events	ı	1	1	1		1 1		10	12	11		
Electric	•	·	•	,	'	1	J	J	1	ι		
Annual Kilowatt Hours Sold (millions)	60.1	58.0	67.9	65.8	67.1	77.2	79.4	90.9	95.0	116.4		
Water	00.7	50.0	07.7	05.0	07.1	11.2	79.4	80.8	85.9	115.4		
Average daily consumption in gallons (millions)	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.2			
Cable	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.,	1.1	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.3	1.3		
Cable customers	1,815	1,761	1,753	1,708	1,731	1,437	1,432	1,653	1,609	-		

Source: City permit and license records, city police records, utility records

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year Function Administrative Buildings l İ l Police Patrol units Fire Fire trucks **Public Works** Vehicles Street (miles) Streetlights Garage Vehicles l Ì Culture and Recreation Acreage Park sites Electric Electric lines (miles) 51.65 51.65 52.50 54.97 57.97 54.97 57.97 58.00 58.00 58.00 Vehicles Water Water mains (miles) Sewer Sanitary sewers (miles) Cable Cable lines (miles)

Souce: City capital asset records



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Forsyth, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Forsyth, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31. 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Forsyth, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Forsyth. Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Forsyth. Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Forsyth, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Forsyth, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed two instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2014-01 and 2014-02.

City of Forsyth, Georgia's Response to Findings

Aph LlP

City of Forsyth, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Forsyth, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Forsyth, Georgia June 19, 2015

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

2014-01 State Law Compliance: Commingling of SPLOST Funds

CRITERIA

Under §48-8-121 of the Georgia Annotated Code, special purpose local option sales tax proceeds should be kept separate from other funds not derived from special purpose local option sales tax.

CONDITION

During 2014, the City transferred \$16,868 from other funds into their SPLOST fund to fund a capital project.

EFFECT

Other fund revenues were commingled with SPLOST revenues.

CAUSE

The compliance issue was a misunderstanding of proper use of the SPLOST fund.

RECOMMENDATION

The City should develop procedures to ensure that non-SPLOST revenues are not transferred to the SPLOST fund.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Management concurs with the finding and will develop procedures to ensure proper handling of the SPLOST fund in the future.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

2014-02 State Compliance – Budgets

CRITERIA

The Official Code of Georgia §36-81-3 requires that municipalities adopt balanced budgets for all special revenue funds.

CONDITION

The City failed to adopt budgets for their Special Police Revenue Fund and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund in 2014.

EFFECT

The City was not in compliance with the Official Code of Georgia §36-81-3.

CAUSE

The City did not have proper procedures in place to ensure the adoption of budgets for their special revenue funds.

RECOMMENDATION

The City should establish policies to ensure that budgets are adopted for their special revenue funds.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

The City concurs with the finding and has already adopted a retroactive budget for 2014 for both funds. The City will also establish procedures to ensure timely adoptions of special revenue fund budgets in the future.

CITY OF FORSYTH, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

2013-01 Control Environment – Inventory

Criteria: The City's inventory software should be updated and tested on a regular basis to ensure accurate tracking of inventory. Any inconsistencies should be investigated immediately and resolved.

Condition: The City did not properly update their inventory software to ensure accurate records of inventory.

Auditee response/status: Resolved.

2013-02 Control Environment – Expenditure Documentation

Criteria: The City's procedures for maintaining proper documentation for expenditures should generate complete and accurate documentation for all expenditures.

Condition: During the year, the City's credit card file, which contained the credit card statements and related documentation, went missing and is still not located.

Auditee response/status: Resolved.

2013-03 State Compliance – Budgets

Criteria: The Official Code of Georgia §36-81-3 requires that municipalities adopt balanced budgets for all special revenue funds.

Condition: The City failed to adopt budgets for their Special Police Revenue Fund and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund in 2013.

Auditee response/status: Unresolved. See finding 2014-02.



CITY OF FORSYTH

2014-01 State Law Compliance: Commingling of SPLOST Funds

P. O. BOX 1447 FORSYTH, GEORGIA 31029 (478) 994-5649

CRITERIA

Under §48-8-121 of the Georgia Annotated Code, special purpose local option sales tax proceeds should be kept separate from other funds not derived from special purpose local option sales tax.

CONDITION

During 2014, the City transferred \$16,868 from other funds into their SPLOST fund to fund a capital project.

EFFECT

Other fund revenues were commingled with SPLOST revenues.

CAUSE

The compliance issue was a misunderstanding of proper use of the SPLOST fund.

RECOMMENDATION

The City should develop procedures to ensure that non-SPLOST revenues are not transferred to the SPLOST fund.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Management concurs with the finding and will develop procedures to ensure proper handling of the SPLOST fund in the future.

Janice Hall 6/19/15



CITY OF FORSYTH

2014-02 State Compliance - Budgets

P. O. BOX 1447 FORSYTH, GEORGIA 31029 (478) 994-5649

CRITERIA

The Official Code of Georgia §36-81-3 requires that municipalities adopt balanced budgets for all special revenue funds.

CONDITION

The City failed to adopt budgets for their Special Police Revenue Fund and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund in 2014.

EFFECT

The City was not in compliance with the Official Code of Georgia §36-81-3.

CAUSE

The City did not have proper procedures in place to ensure the adoption of budgets for their special revenue funds.

RECOMMENDATION

Hanced Hall Le/19/15

The City should establish policies to ensure that budgets are adopted for their special revenue funds.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

The City concurs with the finding and has already adopted a retroactive budget for 2014 for both funds. The City will also establish procedures to ensure timely adoptions of special revenue fund budgets in the future.